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Proposition Bets, or Prop Bets, don’t relate to the result of a game but to any number of occurrences that could happen during it. For example, you could bet on a quarterback to throw a certain number of touchdowns or on a running back to run for a certain number of yards. These are also called ‘side bets’.

- MAHOMES TO THROW OVER 3.5 TOUCHDOWNS -150
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A future bet relates to the outcome of an event that may not be settled for weeks or even months. For example, in August you could bet on who’ll win the Super Bowl in February or who’ll be offensive or defensive rookie of the year.

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PARLAY BETS

Parlays allow you to increase winnings by combining multiple bets. All must win in order for your bet to pay out.

For example, you could bet on San Francisco, Green Bay and Chicago all to win on Sunday, but would lose if any one of them failed to do so. This would be a 3-team parlay, but you can include up to 12 teams to increase risk and therefore potential winnings.

WINNING 3-TEAM PARLAY

| San Fran 27 | Green Bay 13 | Chicago 32 |
| Arizona 24  | New York 10  | Detroit 17 |

LOSING 3-TEAM PARLAY

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WINNING 2-TEAM TEASER

| New England 20 | Los Angeles 31 |
| Kansas City 24 | New Orleans 36 |

LOSING 2-TEAM TEASER

| New England 17 | Los Angeles 21 |
| Kansas City 31 | New Orleans 41 |

UNDERSTANDING THE ODDS

SOME EXAMPLES

| New York  -650 | Philadelphia -800 |

In the above example, Philadelphia are heavy -800 favorites. This means you’d have to risk $800 to stand a chance of winning $100, if they win the game.

In contrast, New York are huge underdogs. If you bet $100 on them to win, you’d collect $650 in winnings.

In this next example, it’s a much closer call.

| New England -165 | Pittsburgh  +110 |

A successful $165 bet on New England would win you $100. A winning bet of $100 on Pittsburgh would win you $110.
Popular Bets

Sports betting jargon can be confusing, but it’s actually very simple when you know what you’re looking for. Let’s cut through some of this and look at three of the most popular bets: Spread, Moneyline and Total bets.

Spread Bets

Also known as handicap betting, this type of bet helps keep a game interesting, even if one team is expected to win by a large margin. How? Well, instead of just looking for that team to win, you can bet on them to win by a minimum number of points. You can also bet on the underdog team to lose by no more than a certain number of points. The exact number, or ‘the line’, is set by the bookie and can be adjusted to your liking in many cases.

Let’s look at that New York @ Philadelphia game as an example. This time from a spread betting perspective. The line, or handicap, is:

- **New York +18**
- **Philadelphia -18**

New York are the underdogs with a handicap of +18 points. If you bet on them, you’d win as long as they lose by less than that handicap or win the game! On the other hand, if you bet on Philadelphia, they would need to win by at least 19 points for your bet to pay out. If they won by exactly 18, the bet would be a ‘push’. This means you’d get your stake back, but no winnings.

Teams that are ‘good at covering the spread’ regularly beat – or don’t lose by more than – their assigned handicaps.

Moneyline Bets

Also known as ‘straight up’ bets, here you’re betting on the winner of the game. Let’s use one of those New York @ Philadelphia scores again as examples (sorry New York fans!) to show you what we mean.

If you’d bet on the Philly moneyline, you’d have a winning bet in both the below final scores. The margin of victory is irrelevant. You’d lose your bet only if New York finished as outright winners.

- **New York 18**
- **Philadelphia 30**
- **New York 20**
- **Philadelphia 44**

Over/Under (Totals)

You’re not looking for either side to win with the Over/Under, or Totals, but betting instead on the combined number of points both teams will score during the game. The Over/Under is set beforehand and is based on each team’s previous performances. For example, two teams with high scoring records will have a higher ‘total’ than two teams known for their stifling defensive performances. You can bet on the game going over or under this ‘total’.

Let’s say the over/under for that hypothetical Philadelphia game was 52 and you bet on the ‘over’.

- **New York 18**
- **Philadelphia 30**

With a final total score of 48, this game would be a losing bet for you.

- **New York 20**
- **Philadelphia 44**

This scenario is a winning bet, because the total is 64.
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In this score, New York would cover the spread. This is because they only lost by 12 points:

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In this score, Philadelphia would ‘cover’ because they won the game by 24 points:

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